

RIVO MULTITRADE OPTICAL SYSTEMS

Identify the wire numbers in the distribution box



Overview

Methods for Quickly Identifying the Wire Numbers in Distribution. By comparing the wire numbers in the actual distribution cabinet with those on the wiri.

Key Takeaways

Wire numbers in a distribution box are used to identify each conductor according to its function, phase, and circuit, ensuring safe installation, maintenance, and troubleshooting.

Main Circuit Wire Numbering

In a distribution box, the main circuit carries large currents and connects devices such as power supplies, circuit breakers, contactors, and motors. Wire numbers follow specific rules to indicate their function and phase:

- Three-phase live wires: Labeled L1, L2, L3 or U, V, W, corresponding to the phase sequence of the supply.
- Neutral wire: Labeled N.
- Ground wire: Labeled PE or identified by a yellow-green color; numbering may not always be present, but the color is standardized.



- Motor circuits: Incoming motor terminals are labeled U1, V1, W1, and outgoing terminals as U2, V2, W2. This helps distinguish connections from contactors to motors.

Wire numbers typically combine letters and numbers, where letters indicate function (e.g., L for phase, N for neutral) and numbers indicate phase sequence or circuit number. Main circuit wires are usually thicker and color-coded red, blue, or yellow-green for easy identification.

Functional Grouping and Labeling

Wire numbers are also organized by functional grouping to simplify installation and maintenance:

- Marking positions: Wires are labeled at both ends, near terminals, and along the cable where accessible.
- Grouping by function: Power supply, load circuits, control circuits, and protective devices are grouped logically.
- Label durability: Use strong materials like vinyl or polyester to ensure labels remain legible over time.

Proper labeling ensures that each wire can be traced quickly, reducing errors during troubleshooting or upgrades and enhancing safety. Modular distribution boxes often allow easier labeling and future expansion.

Safety and Best Practices

- Always turn off the main power before working inside a distribution box.
- Wear insulated gloves and safety glasses.
- Check for UL, CE, or local code compliance.
- If labels are missing or unclear, relabel wires or consult a licensed electrician.
- Maintain neat cable routing and proper grounding to prevent hazards.

By following these conventions, wire numbers in a distribution box provide a clear, organized system that supports safe operation, maintenance, and compliance with electrical standards ().

Article Content

Electrical Numbering System (Standardised) – PAKTECHPOINT

For lighting and small power supplies that are taken from a distribution board, run in armored cable, and scheduled, the cable

Basics of Cable & Wire Identification | Professional's Handbook

Wirings are generally identified either by alphanumeric characters or by the color of the wires. Proper identification of wirings is

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This document is for preliminary research. Verify specifications against current standards, product documentation and project requirements.

